

Local Planning Panel

22 February 2023

Application details

Address: 101 Palmer Street, Woolloomooloo

Application Number: D/2021/689

Applicant: Cracknell & Lonergan Architects

Owner: TLB Trading Trust

Architect: Cracknell & Lonergan Architects

Planning Consultant: James Lovell and Associates Pty Ltd

Heritage Consultant: Cracknell & Lonergan Architects

Proposal

- construction of a 6 storey residential flat building containing 10 apartments, roof top communal open space and associated landscaping works
- Includes retention of front portion of existing residential terrace

Recommendation

Approval subject to conditions

Notification

- exhibition period 25 June 2021 to 10 July 2021
- renotification 13 July 2021 to 4 August 2021
- 451 owners and occupiers notified
- 24 submissions received

Submissions

- excessive height, bulk, scale and form
- excessive density
- insufficient setbacks
- inadequate design aesthetics
- heritage impacts
- acoustic and visual privacy impacts
- traffic and waste collection impacts
- loss of views

Submissions

- overshadowing impacts
- compromised development potential for adjoining sites
- poor residential amenity for the subject site inadequate floor to ceiling heights, private open space, natural cross ventilation
- inappropriate dwelling types
- loss of income for adjoining residents
- likely use as backpacker's accommodation or boarding house

Site



N T









adjoining development north of site - Palmer Street



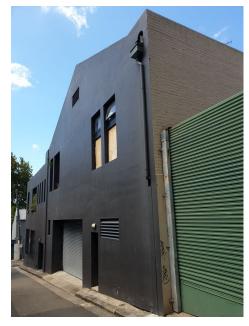
adjoining development south of site - Palmer Street



development opposite site - Palmer Street



development opposite to south - Palmer Street







north south

Faucett Lane





development opposite site - Faucett Lane

Proposal





AUCETT

LANE



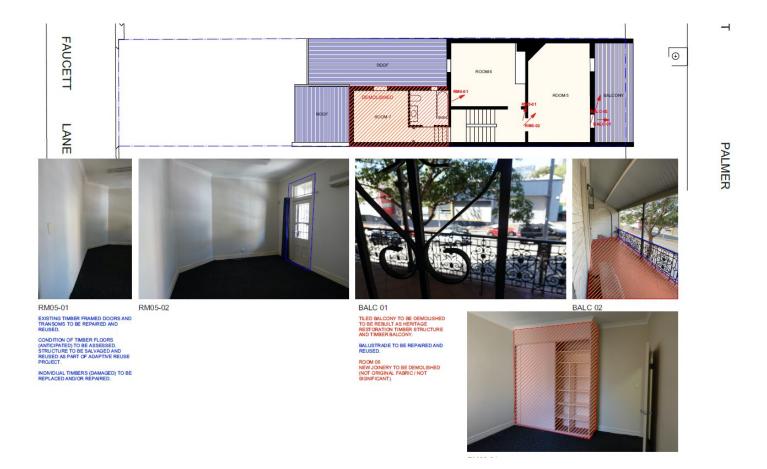
demolition floor plans

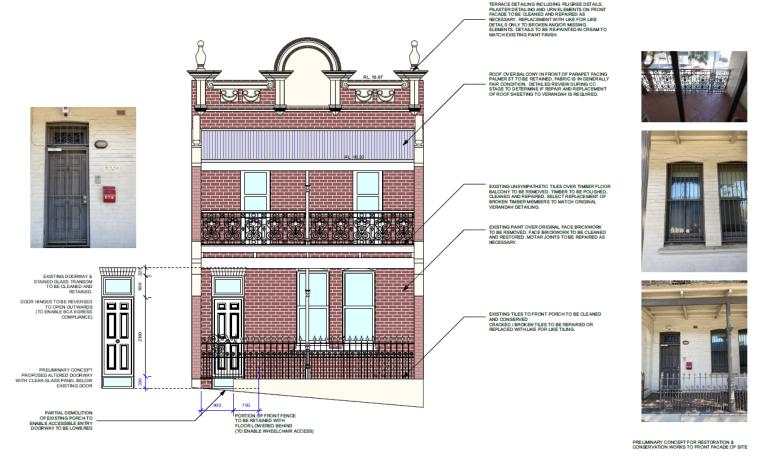


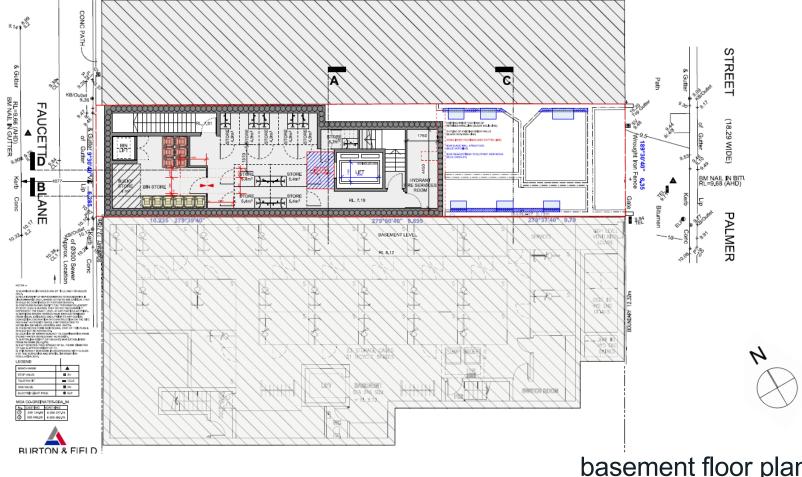


conservation works plan and photos







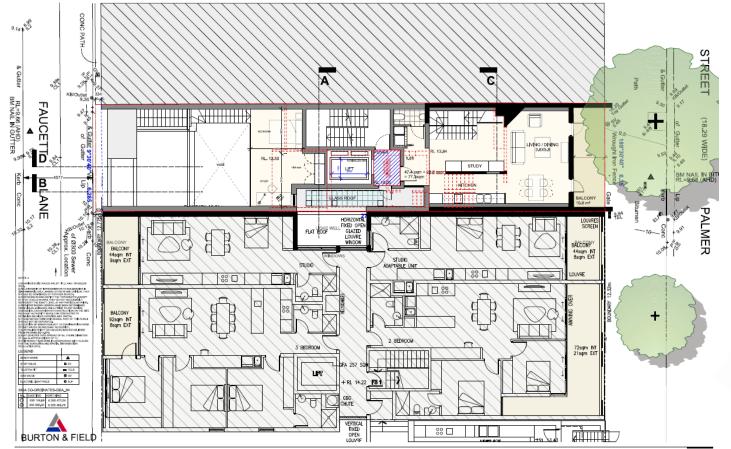


basement floor plan

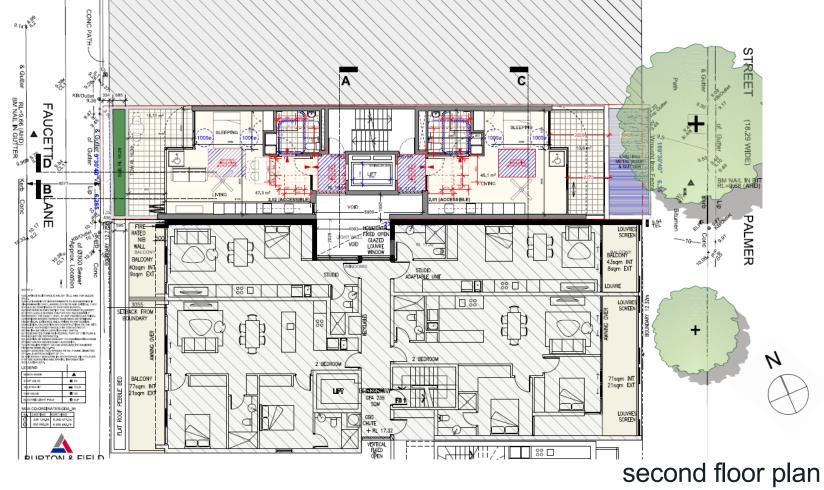


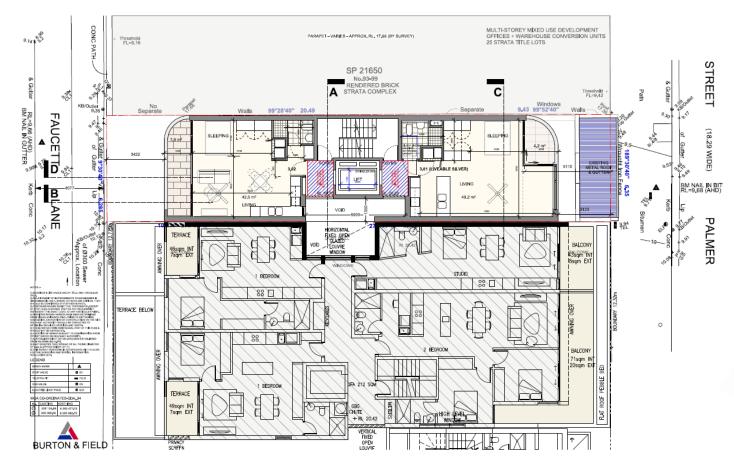


ground floor plan



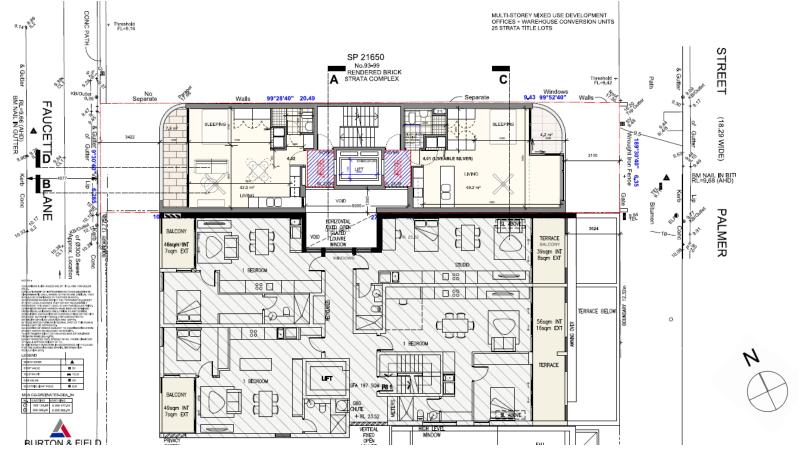
first floor plan



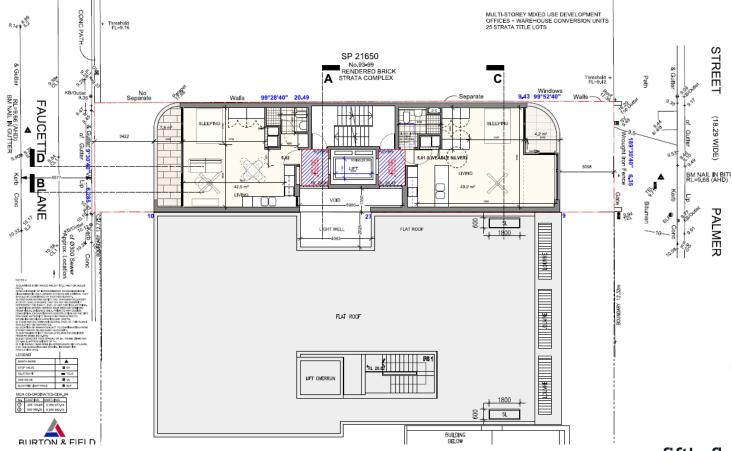




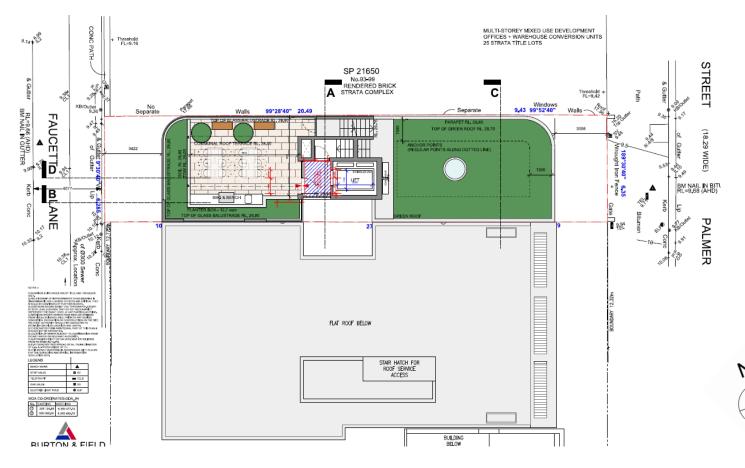
third floor plan



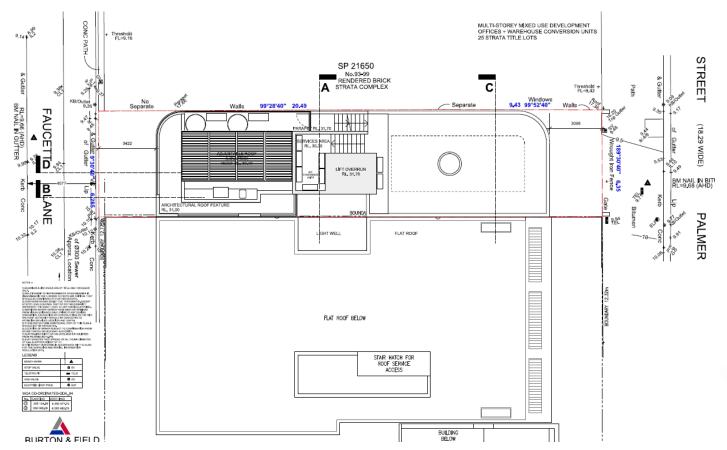
fourth floor plan



fifth floor plan

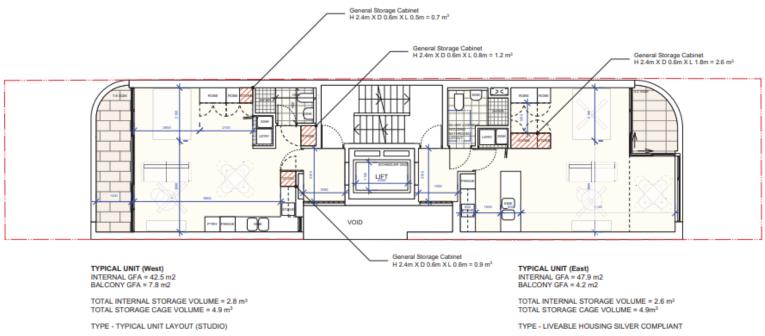


fifth floor plan



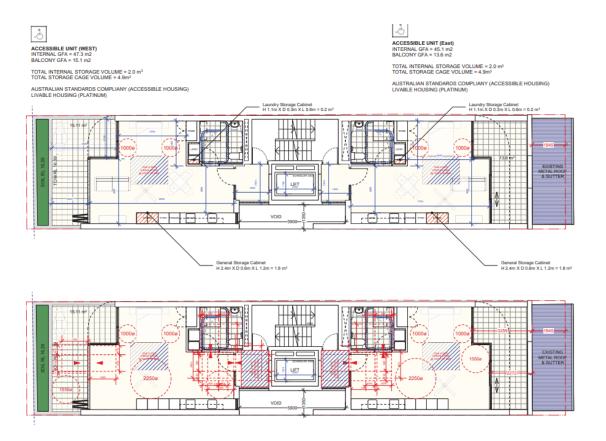


roof plan

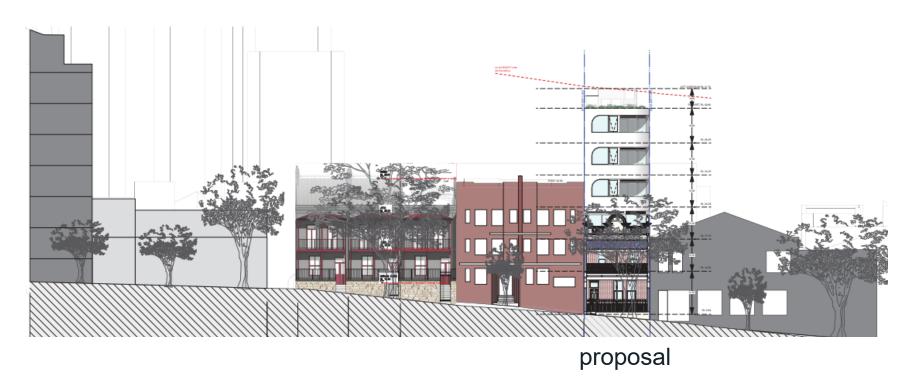




typical unit floor plan



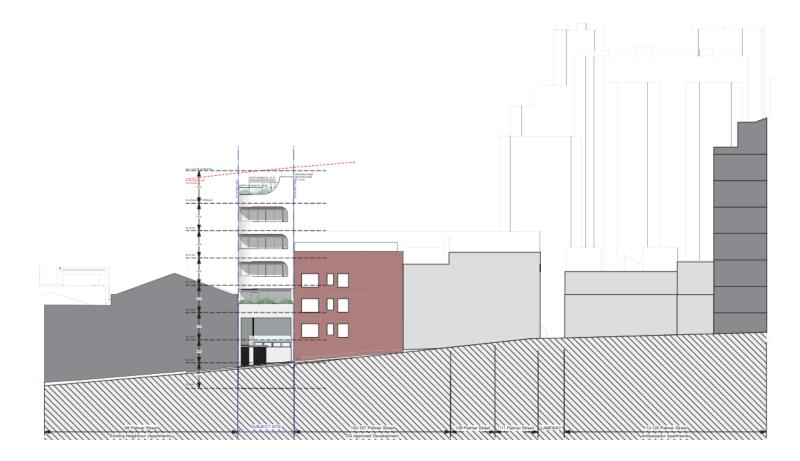




existing Palmer St context elevation



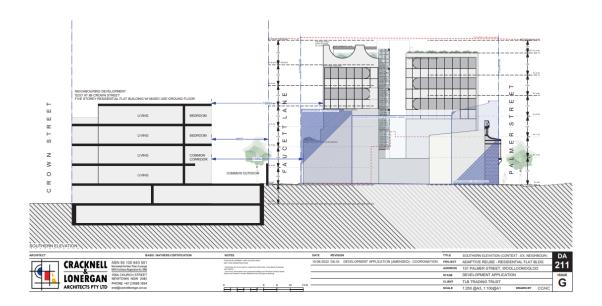
Palmer St context elevation - LEC approval shown adjacent



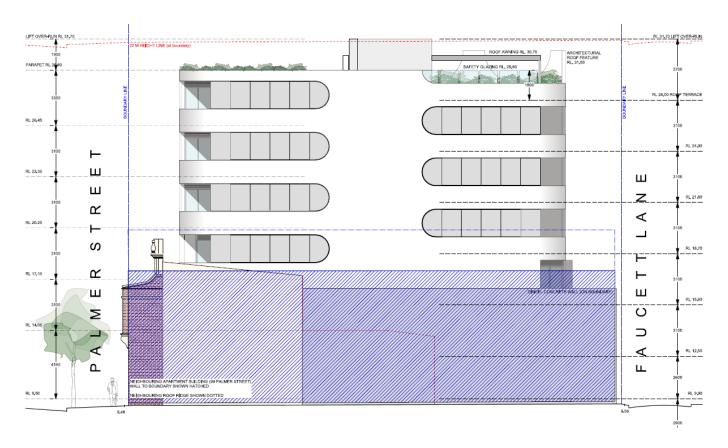
existing Faucett Lane context elevation



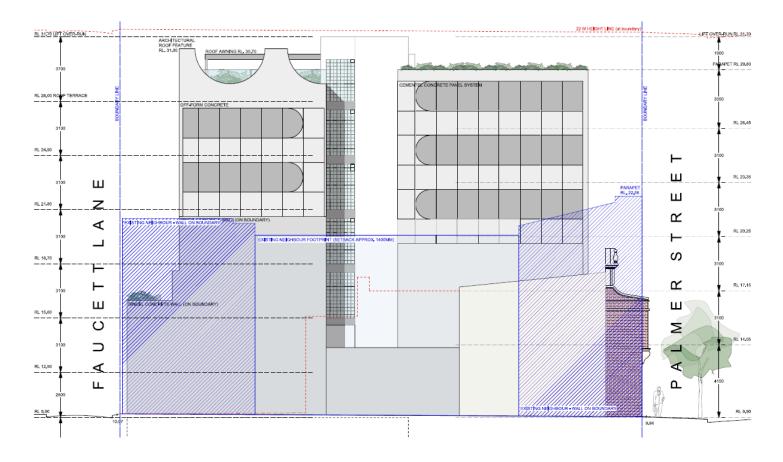
Faucett Lane context elevation - LEC approval shown adjacent



south context elevation



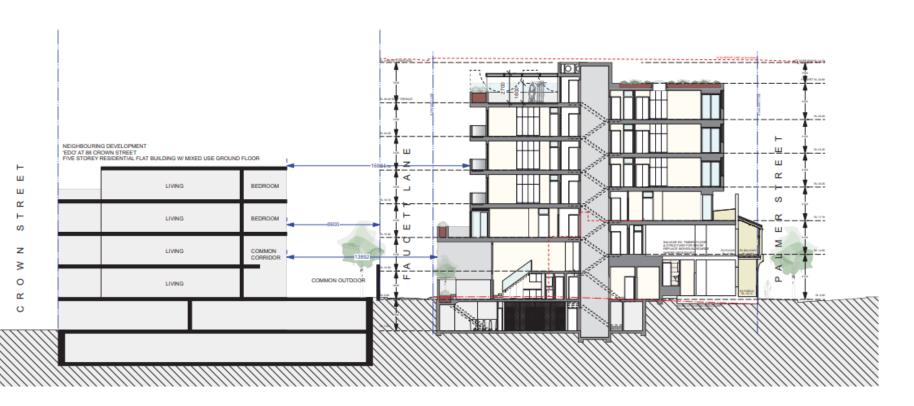
north side elevation



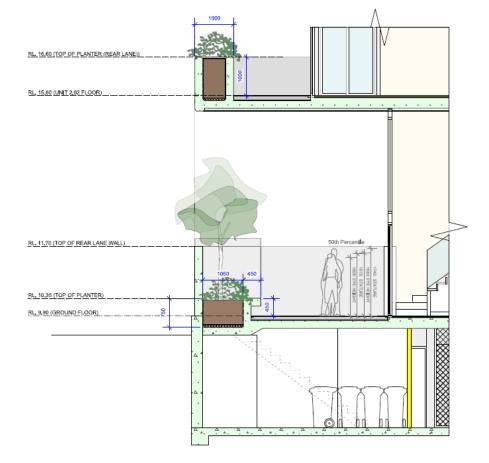
south side elevation



cross section



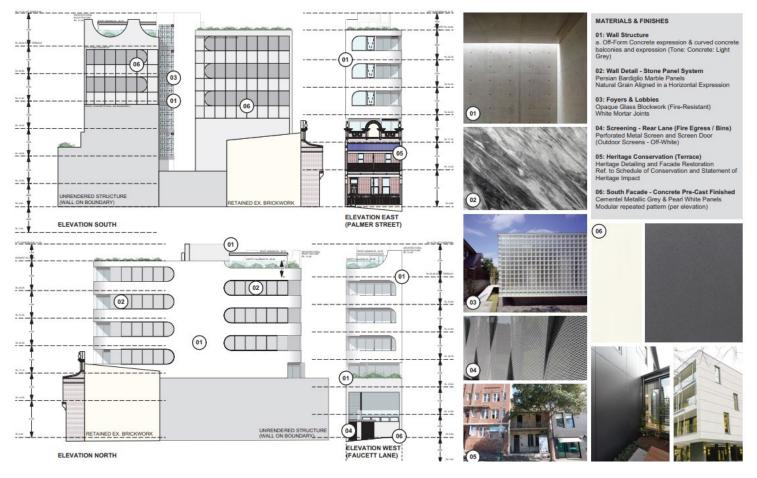
context cross section



CONCEPT CONSTRUCTION SECTION
PLANTER DETAIL SECTION FOR
UNIT G.01 & UNIT 2.02

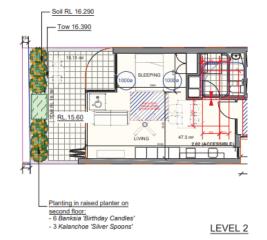
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR COORDINATION W/ LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS

rear lane planter wall detail section



materials and finishes





OTHER LANDSCAPE ITEMS

Retaining / raised planter wall refer detail

COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE ROOFTOPS AND TERRANCE PLANTERS GENERAL NOTE

RCA & Australian Standards (AS):

Building codes and standards are established on a federal level by the nationally recognised Building Code of Australia (BCA), & these apply to all phases of specification. Specifically, BCA 2012 Parts 3.9.1 (stairs) and 3.9.2 (balustrades) and Australian Standard 1170.1 cover regulations for balustrades on stairways. balconies, rooftop terraces and other surfaces between

BCA Balustrade Regulations and Standards

- or other supporting members). BCA regulations state . Be at least 1 metre high as measured from the
- finished foor:
- Have openings between risers or posts no greater. Items to consider are:

- than 125mm and
- . Reable to withstand loads and impacts as determined by AS 1170.1

The height regulation of 1 metre ensures the balustrade is high enough to provide prevention against falling over the balustrade. The openings between risers or posts carnot be greater than 125mm to prevent children from falling between them. Load and impact regulations are designed to ansure behalfedes can resist impact or will not collapse when pressure is applied to them from any

Balustrade Safety & Planters

BCA regulations state that the balustrade must be 1 metre or more, higher than the finished floor. On roof-top terraces, planters & furniture are often incorporated in the landscape design. It's important for compliance and safety that these elements do not undermine the safety of Communal Open Space (COS terraces and rooftops, and the compliance with the BCA and AS's are maintained.

- Where planters form the safety balastrade, their internal face must be 1m non-dimbable Outdoor furniture such as tables, BBQs, and
- away from balustrades Where furniture is proposed to be fixed or adjacent to COS terrace planters which form the balustrade,
- then a compliant handrail will be required to be fixed to the external edge of the planter
- A concern for COS areas on mollops or terrace areas is that the strata will add loose furniture which ultimately could undermine the safety of the installed balustrades In this case, it shall be the strata bodies responsibility to manage the safety of these areas.

Ultimately, the compliance and safety of the COS areas shall be the responsibility of the builder, and carefully inspected and certified at the Occupation Certificate (OC) stage of the developm

Maintenance of COS area

Communal Open Space terrace and rooftop areas are

exposed to extremes (wind support extreme weather) so maintenance is important. The following item should be included or considered:

- All planters shall be structurally water-proofed, seating shall be fixed and located a minimum 1m with this work certified and periodically inspected. frades should be closely monitored so they do not subsequently damage completed waterproofing
 - All planters shall be irrigated with an automated system set on an arroward watering notion. Moisture gauges should be installed in some
 - Tree Anchors shall be installed in high wind areas to larger plants, such as palms & small trees
 - Compliance for habitateries and hardnile should be









LANDSCAPE PLAN NOTES

This plan should be read in conjunction with the architectural and hydraulics plans. Work specific to these plans should be prepared in accordance to these plans, including specification and details prior to the installation of landscaping, and should not be altered or compromised during landscape construction. Elements such as drainage swales may be incorporated in garden bed areas (using non-floatable mulch) without compromising the capacity or form.

This plan has been prepared for Development Application approval only, not for

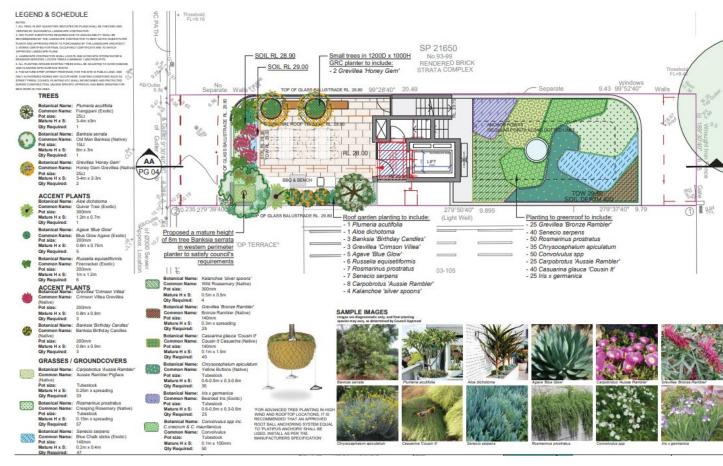
This plan has been prepared with reference to CITY OF SYDNEY Landscaping Guidelines & equirements. Planting proposed using mainly indigenous, commercially available plant species selected from local planting lists and the BASIX local plant list and from Sydney Waters "Plant Selector web site one-drip rated native plants (acceptable for BASIX planting)

The Design & location of new letter boxes shall be in accordance with Australia Post's "Requirements for Delivery of Mail to Residential Premises" published Feb '97. All noxious weeds listed in Councils weed lists & located on the site shall be continually removed & surpressed. Reinstate all houndary fancing in poor condition with Council anormald 1.8m. fencing to rear of building line, rake to 1m forward of BL. Pollution, sediment & erosion contro devices as specified shall be in place, and maintained for the duration of the construction period Proposed excavation near existing established trees to be supervised by arborist.

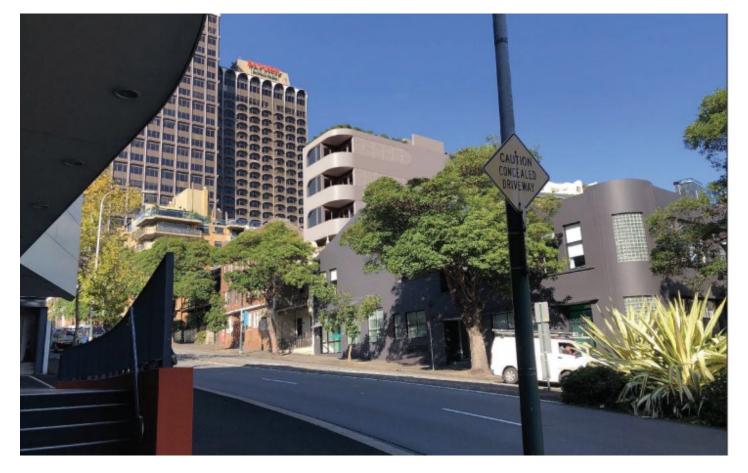
CITY OF SYDNEY approved landscape plan's are required to be constructed as approved to blain occupancy certificate. Permeable areas may be indicated to achieve site coverage restrictions & should be constructed as drawn on this plan.



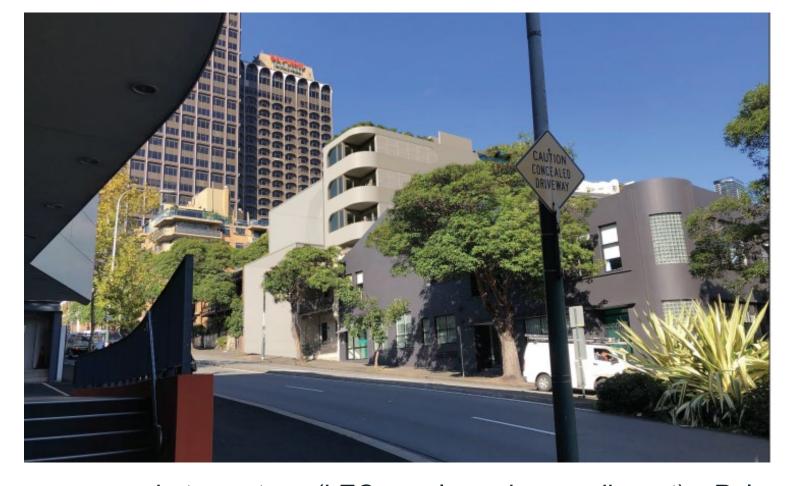
ground and first floor landscape plans



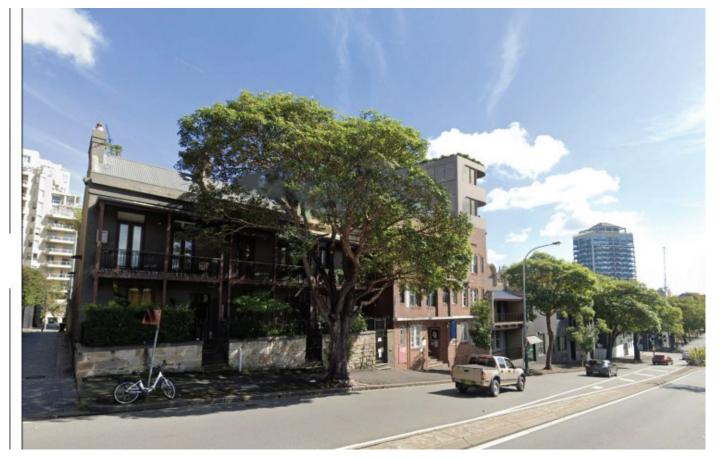




photomontage – Palmer St



photomontage (LEC envelope shown adjacent) – Palmer St



photomontage – Palmer St



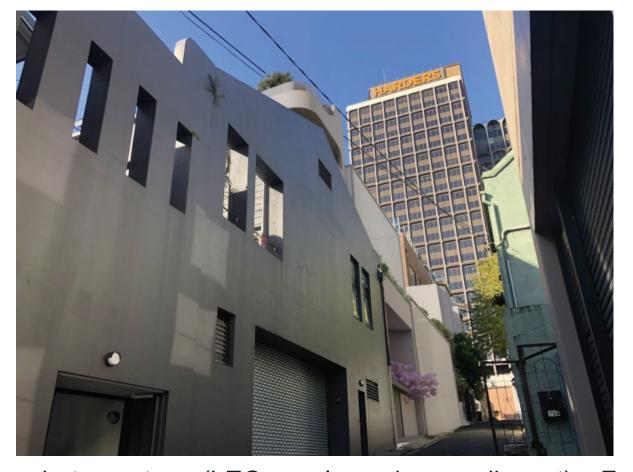
photomontage – Faucett Lane



photomontage (LEC envelope shown adjacent) – Faucett Lane



photomontage – Faucett Lane



photomontage (LEC envelope shown adjacent) – Faucett Lane

Compliance with key LEP standards

	control	proposed	compliance
height	22 metres	21.83 metres	yes
floor space ratio	3:1	2.85:1	yes

Compliance with key DCP controls

	control	proposed	compliance
height in storeys	6	6	yes
street wall height	2 (Faucett Ln)	2	yes
setback above street wall	3 metres (Faucett Ln)	3.4 metres	yes

Compliance with key ADG controls

	control	proposed	compliance
solar	70%	80%	yes
no solar	15%	10%	yes
cross vent	60%	60%	yes
deep soil	7%	0%	no acceptable

Compliance with ADG

	control	proposed	compliance
building depth	12-18 metres	19-22 metres	no acceptable
building separation	6-18 metres	12-16 metres	no acceptable
apartment size	studio 35m ² 1 bed 50m ²	42.5-47.9m ² 56-77.3m ²	yes

Compliance with ADG

	control	proposed	compliance
floor to ceiling heights	2.4-3.3 metres	2.4-5.3 metres	yes
communal open space	25%	25%	yes
private open space	studio 4m ² 1 bed 8m ²	4.2-15.11m ²	yes

Design Advisory Panel Residential Subcommittee

The panel raised numerous concerns with the original proposal, including:

- Heritage conservation and retention of original building fabric
- amenity ventilation, floor to floor heights, private open space, acoustic privacy, communal open and landscaping
- building expression and NCC compliance
- view sharing and view loss

These issues have been addressed in amended drawings and additional information

Issues

- heritage
- view sharing
- building set back/separation
- communal open space

Heritage

Aacceptable heritage impacts given:

- retention and conservation of principal terrace form viewed from Palmer Street
- demolition, additions and alterations confined to rear of site in areas of less significance
- new building sufficiently setback from the terrace parapet
- adjacent LEC approval and complies with height and floor space controls

Heritage

- front portion of existing terrace to be retained
- internal and external conservation works proposed
- conditions recommended to require:
 - structural and design details
 - colour scheme details, fence details,
 - detailed conservation works schedule
 - photographic archival recording
 - heritage protection strategy

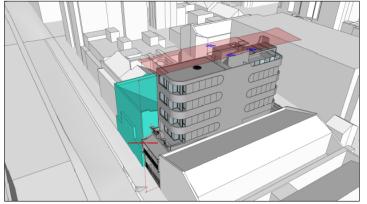
View Sharing

view sharing impacts acceptable given:

- impacts result from building bulk compliant with 22 metre and 6 storey height controls, and front and rear setback controls
- views are across multiple side boundaries
- view impacts largely established by Land and Environment Court approved development at 103-105 Palmer St, Woolloomooloo
- view aspects to east, north-east, north-west and west largely unaffected



HEIGHT PLANE OPTION A - EXISTING 'GROUND' FLOOR LEVEL OF CONCRETE SLAB & STRUCTURES VIEW OF SOUTHERN CORNER OF SITE





HEIGHT PLANE OPTION A - DETAIL VIEW
HEIGHTS SHOWN INDICATING LEVELS FROM TOP OF LIFT OVERRUN TO THE 22M HEIGHT PLANE

HEIGHT PLANE OPTION A

HEIGHT PLANE ESTABLISHED BASED ON EXISTING SURVEY LEVELS OF ALL EXISTING GROUND FLOORS, ENCOMPASSING THE GROUND FLOOR VERANDAH, GROUND FLOOR OF TERRACE AND REAR CONCRETE COURTYARD LEVELS.

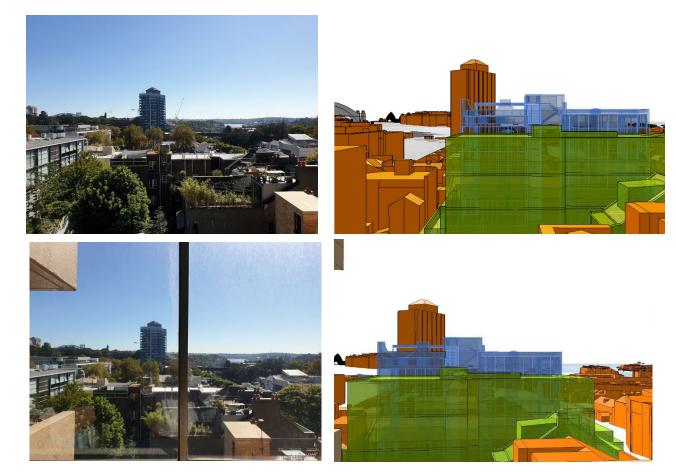
HEIGHT PLANE DRAWN AT 22M ABOVE GROUND LEVEL IN ACCORDANCE WITH HEIGHT STANDARD CONTAINED IN LEP.

HEIGHT MEASUREMENTS OF LIFT OVERRUN PARAPET TAKEN FROM CORNERS OF THE OVERRUN.

MEASURED LEVELS ARE BETWEEN 170MM AND 330MM BELOW THE HEIGHT PLANE AS NOTED IN 3D.

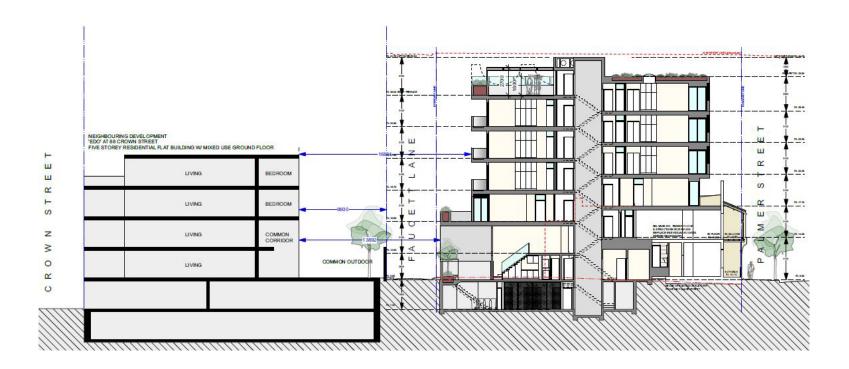
AS THESE ARE PERSPECTIVE VIEWS, IT IS ADVISED THAT THE DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

height plane perspective diagrams



view impacts

Building set back/separation to rear



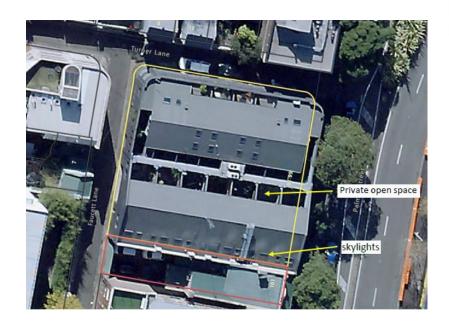
Building set back/separation to rear

non-compliant rear building set back/separation acceptable, as:

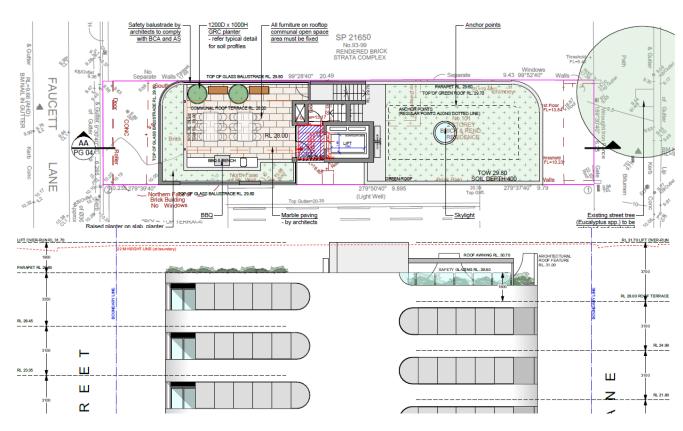
- compliant with street wall height and street wall setback controls
- no significant overshadowing or daylight access impacts
- no significant visual privacy impacts to properties to rear given limited trafficable balcony areas and roof terrace landscape and privacy treatments
- no significant acoustic privacy impacts to properties to rear, subject to conditions

Building set back/separation to north

- private open space may result in overlooking impacts to skylights serving properties to north
- condition recommended requiring privacy treatment to northern edge of each private open space area, integrated with architecture, to preclude overlooking



Communal Open Space



Communal Open Space

- communal roof terrace includes 1.8 metre perimeter fence and planters, and covered by shade structure
- acoustic report acceptable subject to condition requiring compliance with recommendations
- landscape design acceptable subject to condition

Recommendation

Approval subject to conditions